

POSTER PRESENTATION



Knowledge and attitude regarding hepatitis B virus infection and vaccine among hospital patients

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Introduction

Hepatitis B is a potentially life-threatening infection caused by the hepatitis B virus. It is the most serious type of viral hepatitis. About 400 million people have the virus, with most of these people living in Asia. Clearly, this is a significant public health and medical problem.

Objectives

With this background, the study was conducted to evaluate knowledge and attitude regarding HBV (Hepatitis B virus) infection and its vaccine among the patients attending tertiary care hospital.

Methods

A Cross-sectional study was done among 856 patients attending a tertiary care hospital, at Mangalore, India, from November 2010 to May 2011after approval from the institutional ethical committee. A pretested structured questionnaire was used to measure the participants' knowledge and attitude regarding HBV (Hepatitis B virus) infection and its vaccine after obtaining informed consent.

Results

In all, 856 patients (698 male and 158 female) were studied. 50% of those who were aware had no knowledge about route of transmission, infectivity, or importance of vaccination. Educated individuals were more aware about hepatitis B vaccine (P< 0.05). The percentage of vaccination was 25% among study subjects. Lack of awareness was the common reason for non - vaccination (50%); of them.

Conclusion

Knowledge of Hepatitis B disease and vaccine was low and misconceptions were common. About One third of the population are vaccinated for hepatitis B. Emphasis

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should especially be laid on awareness campaigns to educate the public that hepatitis B is vaccine preventable disease. Knowledge of the hepatitis B disease may be useful in determining health care interventions strengthening community-based care for patients.

Disclosure of interest

None declared.

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